

Wentworth, (by writ 1529,) now in abeyance, her Ladyship's mother, the late Lady Milbanke, being the sister and co-heir of the late Viscount Wentworth, on whose death, April 17, 1815, the title of Viscount Wentworth, became extinct, but the Barony of Wentworth fell into abeyance between the heirs of the sisters.

The Duke of Reichstadt.—The rumor which ascribes the death of the young Duke of Reichstadt to the effects of a wound received in a duel, is wholly destitute of foundation. The strict surveillance under which, at the instigation of Metternich, this young prince was kept, from the period of his arrival in Vienna, would have rendered such an event utterly impossible. Till he attained his nineteenth year, he was never suffered to stir from the palace of the *Burg*, without his governor Count Dietrichstein, or his sub-governor; whether to attend his lessons at the swimming school, or take a walk on the bastions, or a ride in the Prater. Although naturally of a very lively turn, (so as to be constantly sent for by the Empress, to amuse his dull old grandfather the Emperor, whenever he was out of spirits or temper) he was not suffered to form an intimacy with any young persons of his own age. During Don Miguel's residence at Vienna, all private intercourse was carefully intercepted between the two young Princes; and towards the youthful English nobles attached to the British Embassy, he was required to maintain the same formal reserve;—the Duke de Reichstadt, even while commanding a regiment of cavalry, has been kept in a state of tutelage. The premature death of this interesting young man cannot, however, be attributed directly or indirectly to moral causes. Naturally of a feeble constitution, and delicate conformation, he outgrew his strength so early as his sixteenth year, and has never attained anything like robust health; while the damp atmosphere of the Palace of Schoenbrunn, which is situated in a hollow, overhung by a range of hills, has tended to his state of further enervation. The young Duke bore a strong resemblance to the house of Hapsburg; having a narrow face and high forehead, with light glassy eyes. His mouth and chin, however, were those of Napoleon, and his attitudes, (particularly his mode of sitting with his hands clasped and head protruded, at the public theatres of Vienna, where he nightly made his appearance in the Imperial box) are said to have conveyed a strong impression of Buonaparte. We can believe this the more readily, from the affectionate and profound interest with which we have seen him contemplated by certain French travellers, attached to the old order of things. The Duke of Reichstadt had a separate establishment in a wing of the quadrangle of the Imperial Palace; and removed with the Court for the summer months to the Palaces of Schoenbrunn or Lachsenburg. He was born on the 10th March, 1811; and died in the 22d year of his age. His remains have been interred in the vault of the Imperial family, within the convent of the Capuchins, forming part of the Palace at Vienna. He is said to have been attended by the Arch-Duchess with great affection during his last illness, (a pulmonary consumption of the most decided kind.) But the parent and child have been studiously estranged from each other; and the large family borne by Maria Louisa to her second husband (the late Count Neipperg) is supposed to have in some degree estranged the tenderness of her Imperial Highness from this solitary pledge of her first ill-omened nuptials.—[Court Journal.]

NECROLOGY OF 1832.—The *Revue Encyclopedique* enumerates the following distinguished Europeans as having died in the first six months of the present year: in England—Crabbe the poet; Munden the actor; Dr. Bell, founder of the Madras system; Muzio Clementi, the celebrated pianist and composer; John Taylor the journalist; Mrs. Musters, the Lady Chaworth of Lord Byron; Bentham, the juriconsult; Sir J. Mackintosh, the historian, &c. In Sweden—F. Ormie, a distinguished writer, by suicide. In Germany—Bishop Saibier, a learned theologian; Frederic de Gentz, Aulic Counsellor; Zeller, the friend of Goethe; and the latter distinguished personage himself. Switzerland—Bensteten the philosopher, and friend of Haller, Muller, &c.; and Naef, the founder of the deaf and dumb school of the Canton de Vaud. In Italy—Count de Saurau, Austrian Minister at Tuscany; Cardinal Pacca; Prince Camille Borghese, brother-in-law of Napoleon; and the Abbe Angelo Cesars, astronomer at Milan. In France—M. Cassimir Perrier, prime minister; General Lamarque the republican liberal; Marquis de Chauvelin, defender of the same cause; M. de Martignac, minister of Charles X.; the duke de Montesquieu, minister of Louis XVIII.

Gen. Belliard, French Plenipotentiary at Brussels; Cuvier, the naturalist; Champollion the Egyptian antiquary; Remusat, the oriental scholar; Garcia, the composer, father of Malibran, and tutor of Adolphe Nouritt; Gen. Ballasteros; and the Prince of Castelcicala; besides many others of less note.

A motion was once made during the great rebellion, that such as were chosen to serve in parliamentary troops should be faithful and skilful riders. Mr. Waller said, "he much approved the motion, for," added he, "it is most necessary that the riders be faithful, lest they run away with the horses,—and skilful, lest their horses run away with them."—[New Monthly.]

The Calmuck Tartars.—Calmuck women ride better than the men. A male Calmuck on horseback looks as if he was intoxicated, and likely to fall off every instant, though he never loses his seat; but the women sit with more ease and ride with extraordinary skill. The ceremony of marriage among the Calmucks is performed on horseback. A girl is first mounted, who rides off at full speed. Her lover pursues; and if he overtakes her, she becomes his wife, returning with him to his tent. But it sometimes happens that the woman does not wish to marry the person by whom she is pursued, in which case she will not suffer him to overtake her; and we were assured that no instance occurs of a Calmuck girl being thus caught, unless she has a partiality for her pursuer.—[Dr. Clarke's Travels in Russia, &c.]

AUSTRALASIA.—Letters and papers from New South Wales, to 12th of March, state that the harvests had been good, and that supplies of all kind were abundant, particularly of vegetables, which, owing to the fineness of the season, were profuse, and selling at moderate prices. Wheat was from 4s to 5s 3d per bushel; beef from 3-4 to 1 l. 2d per lb in the carcass, joint 2 l. 2d to 4 l. 2d; mutton, carcass, 2d to 2 l. 2d, joint 3d to 4d; geese, 3s to 4s each; turkeys 4s to 7s each; fowls 1s 3d to 2s 9d per pair; ducks 2s 6d to 3s; butlers 1s to 1s 6d; milk 6d per quart. Oranges, lemons, peaches, apricots, apples, pears, grapes, and melons, in abundance. The colonists were cultivating the vine with great success, and the number of vineyards had greatly increased.

POETRY.

SUMMER'S GONE.—By Mrs. Norton.

Hark! through the dim wood dying
With a moan,
Faintly the winds are sighing—
Summer's gone!
There, when my bruised heart feebleth,
And the pale moon her face revealeth,
Darkly my footsteps stealeth,
To weep alone.
Hour after hour I wander,
By men unseen—
And sadly my young thoughts ponder
On what hath been.
Summer's gone!
There, in our own green bowers,
Long ago,
Our path through the tangled flowers
Threading slow;
Oft hand in hand entwining—
Oft side by side reclining—
We've watched in its crimson shining,
The sunset glow:
Dimly the sun now burneth
For me alone—
Spring after spring returneth—
Thou art gone!
Summer's gone!
Still on my worn cheek playeth
The restless breeze;
Still in its freshness strayeth
Between the trees.
Still the blue streamlet gusheth—
Still the broad river rusheth—
Still the calm silence husheth
The heart's disease:
But who shall bring our meetings
Back again?
What shall recall thy greetings,
Loved in vain?
Summer's gone!

HOW TO MAKE LOVE.

Look—do not speak a word at first,
Then look once more and try to speak:
And then speak out—if speak you must,
Hope's strength will fail and leave you weak.
Then stammer forth a cold farewell;
Return, and you'll grow warm again;
What courage had not tongue to tell
Before, you'll sigh for now,—what then?
You'll go, and leave a warm adieu—
A coldness in the lady's heart—
Your glove with her—and she with you,
A strange reluctance thus to part.
In case you should return once more,
Take courage, she'll return your glove,
And leave it with you at the door.
And you will leave her her heart with Love.

THE AMERICAN RAILROAD JOURNAL AND ADVOCATE OF INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS will hereafter contain extracts from approved works upon the cultivation of *The Vine*, the rearing of Silk, and Agricultural subjects generally, in addition to its former variety of interesting matter. Its leading character, however, will continue as heretofore—that of advocate and promoter of *internal communication*.

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Palmyra, Wayne County, New-York, 1st mo. 22d, 1832. J30 1f

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* * They have on hand *Railway Iron Bars*, viz: 95 tons, of 1 inch by ½ inch—200 do. 1½ by ½ inch—135 do. 1½ by ¾ inch—500 do. 2 by ½ inch—8 do. 2½ by ¾ inch—in lengths of 15 feet each, with 12 countersunk holes, and the ends cut at an angle of 45 degrees; 300 tons, of 2½ by ¾ inch; with Splicing Plates and Nails, shortly expected.

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PATERSON.		AQUACKANONK.	
At half past 7 o'clock, A.M.	At 10 o'clock, A.M.	At half past 10 o'clock, A.M.	At 1 o'clock, P.M.
10 do do	1 do do	1 do do	1 do do
3 do do	3 do do	3 do do	3 do do
4 do do	4 do do	4 do do	4 do do
half past 4 do do	half past 5 do do	half past 5 do do	half past 6 do do
ON SUNDAYS.			
At 6 o'clock, A.M.	At 7 o'clock, A.M.	At 7 o'clock, A.M.	At 8 o'clock, A.M.
half past 7 do do	half past 8 do do	half past 8 do do	half past 9 do do
9 do do	9 do do	9 do do	9 do do
half past 12 do do	half past 1 do do	half past 1 do do	half past 1 do do
5 do do	5 do do	5 do do	5 do do
half past 6 do do	half past 7 do do	half past 7 do do	half past 8 do do

Parties of twenty or more persons can be accommodated at either of the above hours with a private Car.
FARE reduced to 15c.—Children under 12 years of age, half price.—Paterson, June 20th, 1832.

ELLAS B. D. OGDEN, Secretary.
NB.—Persons leaving Hoboken by the 8 o'clock Stage, for Acquackanonk, will have ample time to view the Falls of the Passaic, and other objects of interest in the flourishing town of Paterson, and return to New-York the same day. Jy 18

The public are informed that, until further notice, the 12 o'clock and 1 before 6 o'clock P.M. turns from Paterson, and the 8 o'clock A.M. and 7 o'clock P.M. turns from Acquackanonk, are, for the present withdrawn.

By order, E. B. D. OGDEN, Sec'y. Paterson, July 26, 1832. 236